

Iron County Register.

E. D. AKE, : : : : EDITOR.

VOLUME XIV, NUMBER 2.

IRONTON, MO.,
THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1880.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
OF INDIANA.



PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:
AT LARGE—COL. DON MORRISON, of St. Louis, and H. N. PHILLIPS, of St. Louis.
ALTERNATES—ED. W. McCABE, of Marion, and E. A. DEBOLT, of Grapeland.
1st Dist.—James O. Broadhead, of St. Louis.
2d " " E. P. McCarthy, of St. Louis.
3d " " Wm. P. Bentley, of St. Louis.
4th " " Marshall Arnold, of Scott county.
5th " " J. E. Oran, of Boone county.
6th " " Frank C. Nesbitt, of St. Clair county.
7th " " Xenophon Ryland, of Lafayette county.
8th " " Joseph Gilman, of Jackson county.
9th " " Charles F. Beecher, of Andrew county.
10th " " R. M. Harner, of Grundy county.
11th " " N. D. Raymond, of Callaway county.
12th " " John P. Williams, of Marion county.
13th " " Champ Clark, of Pike county.

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:
THOS. T. CRITTENDEN, of Johnson.
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
ROBT. A. CAMPBELL, of St. Louis.
FOR SUPREME JUDGE:
ROBERT D. RAY, of Carroll.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
MICHAEL K. McGRATH, of St. Louis.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
PHIL. E. CHATPELLE, of Cole.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
JOHN WALKER, of Howard.
FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
D. H. McINTIRE, of Andrain.
FOR REGISTER OF LANDS:
ROBERT A. McCULLOCH, of Cooper.
FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE C. PRATT, of Boone.

For Judge of 26th Circuit:
JOHN L. THOMAS,

"United we stand, divided we fall."
We commend this somewhat trite proverb to the Smart Alecks of the South-east.

Southeast Missouri went up to Jefferson City, last week, for wool, and came back shorn. We're a fine lot of mut-ton-heads!

Carter, Dinning, Bethune, Holladay—all slaughtered on their country's altar. Well, the blood of the martyrs is the seed of the church.

Hon. B. Graiz Brown has formally announced himself a candidate for the United States Senate, in response to a call from a large number of distinguished gentlemen of Kansas City and elsewhere. There is no question of the ability of the ex-Governor to acceptably fill the position, if elected, and he has many warm friends all over the State.

In 1874 there was a Republican convention held in Ohio. Among the proceedings there can be found the following resolution:
Resolved, That we arraign and denounce James A. Garfield for fraud upon his constituents in circulating among them a pamphlet purporting to set forth the findings of the investigating committee of Congress and the evidence against him, when, in fact, the material portions thereof were omitted and garbled.

Southeast Missouri continues a hewer of wood and a drawer of water. Although kicked bodily out of the paternal residence when we came asking for a portion of our inheritance, we presume we may be allowed to assist in the erection of our masters' new habitation next November. Our Democracy seems to be of that sort which will endure any number of knocks and cuffs—so, blaze away, ye autocrats of North Missouri! We salute ye!

It was boasted, immediately after the State Convention, that the representatives of the "young Democracy"—one of whom Hon. Sam Byrnes, of Jefferson, was referred to as which—had been "cleaned out" for all time to come. We trust these people will not bet too heavily on the proposition. Neither Sam Byrnes nor the living, aggressive Democracy he represents will stay crushed for any length of time. They are like Truth—the line is too well known for quotation.

It is amusing to hear Republicans howling for a fair Presidential election. Who ever heard of an unfair Presidential election before 1876? When did any other party employ a lot of "Visiting Statesmen" to make a fraudulent President? They're a nice set to talk about a fair election! We promise them it will be much fairer this year than it was four years ago. Zach Chandler is

dead, the returning boards are dead, the Republican party has lost its grip, and—long live fair elections and honest counts!

The *Globe-Democrat* in its issue of Monday, has an editorial headed, "Hancock as a Traitor," and the article makes out a fair case of treason (from a Republican view) against the man whom we had erroneously been led to believe had fought in the Union army and been wounded in the service of his country. What though the patriots of the G.-D. did not shed their blood in the late unpleasantness, but staid at home and made money the while, shall that small circumstance prevent their being received as the final arbiters of treason and patriotism? Perish the thought! A cat may look at a king, and a condemned crooked whiskeyite may attempt to slander even so illustrious a general and patriot as Winfield Scott Hancock.

After the delegates from the Fourth District arrived at Jefferson City, they got together and appointed a Committee of Conference, which committee called upon the different delegations of the counties in the Southeast not included in this district, asking them to meet their brethren in caucus, to determine which of the many candidates could be successfully presented to the convention. The committee had its labors for its pains, and was most beautifully snubbed by the Smart Alecks who assume to run Southeast Missouri. They turned their noses to the sky, did the S. A.'s, and asserted their superiority by refusing to enter into the caucus with their country cousins and treating them with supercilious contempt. Everybody knows the result: the S. A.'s were so effectually killed off that we hope when the next State convention meets there will be none of them left to mar the prospects of our "favorite sons."

Col. Henry B. Hays of Pennsylvania, who served with distinction in the Federal army during the late war, was at one time Secretary of the American Legation at Copenhagen, and a Republican since the organization of the party is the latest important accession to the Hancock ranks. Col. Hays is one of wealthiest of the bituminous coal operators, and in times past has contributed largely of his means to insure Republican success. He announces now that he will do still more to aid in Hancock's election. A Pittsburgh dispatch to the *Cincinnati Enquirer*, says of Col. Hays:

"His change of political faith will have a great effect upon thousands of coal miners, who have always looked up to him as a leader and a guide in matters political."
"The announcement of his allegiance to Gen. Hancock fell like a chilling frost on the Republican party here, and as he is a man of irreproachable record and commands the respect of all classes, they have not presumed to express any opinion in the matter, but are waiting apathetically to see who the next convert will be."

The State Ticket.

The convention at Jefferson City last week fulfilled its mission, adjourned and went home confident that its work would be endorsed by the usual Democratic 50,000 majority. So great a following might have let the convention do its work carelessly and without that regard to the proprieties enjoined in the closer States. But under no circumstances could it have given us better material for the offices, and the ticket will receive a hearty and enthusiastic support in every section of the State. It is true, we in the Southeast think we ought to have had a representation on the ticket, but blame ourselves and our delegates that such is not the case. We had too many aspirants, and too much bickering for unity of purpose, and so deservedly lost all. We acknowledge our fault and cheerfully abide its results.

Thos. T. Crittenden for Governor is the choice of our heart, and the personnel of the remainder of the ticket could not have been bettered. More particular notice is not necessary. The people will greet the ticket in November, with Hancock and English at its head, with 60,000 majority.

What was the Credit Mobiliier?

Several correspondents, among them an esteemed clergyman in a neighboring town of New Jersey, have requested us to answer this question. They understand, we suppose, the relations of Mr. Garfield to the Credit Mobiliier; the broad relations of the Credit Mobiliier to Congress and to the people are less clear to their minds.
A few years ago the United States endowed magnificently with its lands and bonds, and many valuable privileges, a company organized to build the Union Pacific Railway. When certain shrewd managers of this concern came to count up the cost of the work and to cast up the assets to be applied to it, they found an enormous balance on the right side of the book. In order to absorb this balance and transfer it to their own pockets, they immediately proceeded to form an inside Ring to build the road. They bought an old Pennsylvania charter called the Credit Mobiliier, which was admirably adapted for the swindle in view, and under that charter name began the execution of one of the most remarkable and successful frauds in history.
As officers of the Union Pacific, the members of the Credit Mobiliier contracted with themselves for the construction of the line, and fixed their own figures for the work. They thus stripped the Union Pacific of every-

thing of value belonging to it, and set it over to the Credit Mobiliier. With one hand they robbed the treasury of the railway company, and with the other they stuffed the plunder into the treasury of the construction Ring, whence it was distributed to the individual conspirators in the form of dividends of cash, bonds, and stocks.

But the United States, in slight return for its unexampled bounty, had taken a first mortgage on the property. This was inconvenient to the Ring. Having absorbed everything else, they now desired to put a first mortgage on the road, and take the bonds of that also. But that could be done only by getting rid of the first mortgage of the United States; that, again, could be effected only by act of Congress. To simple-minded and honest men this would seem like a very difficult thing to accomplish; to them it appeared easy enough. They set apart a certain amount of the enormously valuable stock of the Credit Mobiliier—stock which represented both the plunder of the past and the plunder of the future—and gave it to Oakes Ames, who agreed to "place it where it would do the most good." He was a member of Congress, and was not unjustly supposed to know exactly how to employ it in order to corrupt the sources of legislation. With this corruption fund he bought the Vice-President, several Senators, and the Chairmen of the leading committees of the House. Then, by the votes and influence of these men, a new field of pillage was had, and a new Ring, in which the Government and the stockholders of the Union Pacific were equal sufferers.

It was not possible that a series of transactions at once so colossal and so infamous could be concealed forever. There came a day when *The Sun* spread this iniquity before its readers in almost every detail. It was the most shocking revelation of official venality and corruption ever made in the course of our history. Investigation followed and the guilt of the accused members was clearly ascertained. With a few exceptions, they added the crime of perjury in their testimony before the committee to the crime of bribery.

Among others, James A. Garfield was bribed; swore that he had not been bribed; was convicted of bribery and perjury by the testimony of Ames and by documentary evidence of conclusive character; and the committee, composed of members of his own party, reported him as a bribe taker and a perjurer—*Sun*.

For Hancock.

The veteran survivors of a Massachusetts regiment, which served under Hancock, have decided to vote for him to a man.

Gen. Daniel Butterfield, heretofore a Republican, says he will not only vote for Hancock, but will do all he can for his election.

Thos. Donnelly, President of the Sixth National Bank, of Pittsburgh, Pa., heretofore an ardent Republican, has declared for Hancock.

Col. A. S. Fuller, who was supported by the Republicans of Fayette county, Pa., for the Republican nomination for Congress in 1878, is out for Hancock and English.

Mr. Atwater, the Greenback candidate for Governor of Connecticut, says he shall vote for Hancock, and that the 7,000 Greenback voters of that State will go the same way.

The Milwaukee correspondent of the *Chicago Times* says he has been informed upon good authority that ex-Secretary Benjamin F. Bristow has declared his intention to work and vote for Hancock.

Mr. Haire, Chairman of the Greenback State Committee of Michigan, comes out squarely for Hancock. He thinks the 75,000 Greenback votes in that State will go to Hancock, which will make it easy for him to carry that State.

Col. Geo. Williamson, of Louisiana, who was minister to Central America under Grant, has declined the nomination for Congress tendered him by the Republicans of his district, and says he has made up his mind to support Hancock.

Democratic Primary Election.

TO BE HELD JULY 31ST!

The Democratic Executive Committee of Iron county met at the courthouse on Saturday May 15th, at 12 o'clock, under call of the President, G. W. Farrar.

On motion, Chas. H. Collins was chosen Secretary.

On motion, it was decided that the nominees for county offices be chosen by primary election, to be held on Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1880.

The following named persons were appointed Judges of the Primary Election:
Iron Township—J. C. Moyer, J. H. McHenry and Iron Township—James H. Clark, N. O. Griffith and B. F. McKeith.
Big Creek Township—At Dunn School House, Elias Dunn, Wm. Scoggins and Wm. Robbs.
Pilot Knob—Ferd. Immer, J. W. Hancock and Charles Van Roden.
Kaelin—William Imboden, Frank Townsend and Samuel Erwin.
Dunn—Samuel Lucas, W. T. Crocker, and Dollaron S. Love.

Middlebrook—Michael Seitz and Isaac Johnson.
Henderson precinct in Dunn Township—Nelson Hays, John McMahon and Joseph Strickland.
Granville—D. O'Brien, William Fitzpatrick, and Benjamin Kidd.

Candidates to furnish poll books and tickets.
The Judges of the several precincts are to appoint Clerks, and one Judge from each precinct will report the vote at Ironton on August 2d. Three proceedings to be published in the Iron County Register.

G. W. FARRAR, Chairman.
CHAS. H. COLLINS, Secretary.

AGENTS For the Illustrated Life and Adventures of

WANTED! Frank and Jesse James,

The noted Western Outlaws, whose career of bold and reckless daring for 18 years is without parallel in history. For so long a period baffling the forces of the law and the shrewdest detective force in America, with a reward of \$75,000 for their apprehension, dead or alive, and still at large, they are the wonder of our civilization. Hon. J. A. DAVIS of the St. Louis Press, and ex-Member of the Missouri Legislature, in two years of hard labor procured the facts and prepared a book more thrilling than romance, but reliable and authentic in every detail. The demand for it is immense. Agents sell 500 to 600 copies for terms and full description write to N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Publishers, 1729-31 St. Louis, Mo.

University of the State of Missouri.

COLUMBIA, Boone County, Mo., July 5, 1880.

TO THE CLERK OF THE IRON COUNTY COURT:
Sirs:—It is my duty to inform you that, under the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, approved April 1, 1873, [vide Session Acts, 1873, pp. 108-9, and Rev. Stat. 1879, Sec. 7367, 7368,] your county is entitled to send to the University of the State of Missouri, at Columbia and Rolla, during the year ending July 1, 1881, three students, between the ages of sixteen and twenty-five years.
Under the rules adopted by the Board of Curators, students "shall possess a good moral character, and shall pass a satisfactory examination in orthography, reading, writing, arithmetic and geography," and must pay the fees prescribed by said Act, to-wit: On matriculation, an entrance fee of ten dollars, and contingent fee of five dollars; and a like contingent fee at the beginning of the second half year, making the whole annual charge twenty dollars; WHICH MUST BE PAID BY EVERY STUDENT, except regularly ordained ministers of the gospel, belonging to any of the various religious denominations in this State, and indigent young men preparing for the ministry. For the schools of Law and Medicine and Engineering, the annual charge is forty dollars, each. The session of all the departments under the presidency of Samuel S. Laws, LL.D., will begin

ON THE SECOND MONDAY (13th) OF SEPTEMBER,

and will continue until the first Thursday of June 1881, except that of the School of Mines and Metallurgy at Rolla, which will begin and end one week later.

Ample provision has been made for the education and care of young women in all the departments of the University, and a course of study specially adapted for them has been adopted. See catalogue 1879-80, pages 53 to 60, 123 and 127. A girl's home for about twenty boarders has been provided, adjoining the campus under the care of the lady principal, Mrs. Carr.

I beg to call your attention to the appended "Circular" from the law of the subject.

You will please, after giving us two weeks' publication to this certificate, transmit to me, on or before September 1st, a list of the names of all the youth of your county who intend to make application for entrance into the University at the commencement of the next session.

If such a list is not transmitted, students from other counties will be allowed to enter in lieu of those to which your county is entitled.

Board can be had in clubs in the college building at the rate of \$2.25 per week; in private families at \$3.00 to \$4.50.

I am very respectfully, your obedient servant,
ROBERT L. TODD,
Secretary Board Curators University of Missouri.

—TO:—
"The Secretary of the Board of Curators shall cause to be transmitted to the Clerk of each County Court this State certificate, and a copy of the report of the Board of Curators, to be published in the State University the next scholastic year, which certificates shall be published in each COUNTY CLERK FOR TWO WEEKS, in a newspaper published in such county. The expenses thereof to be paid by the County Court, and paid for out of the County Treasury."

Persons desiring to enter the State University at Columbia or Rolla, are required to make known their intention to me on or before September 1, 1880.

Catalogues of the University can be had on application to the University Librarian, Columbia, Mo., or at my office.

G. B. NALL, Clerk
County Court, Iron county, Mo.

School Fund Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS, A. N. Hunt and Lizzie A. Hunt, his wife, by a certain School Fund Mortgage deed, dated the 10th day of April, 1875, which said mortgage deed was duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Iron county, Missouri, on the 10th day of April, 1875, in Book "R," pages 122 and 123, conveyed to Iron county, Missouri, for the use and benefit of the Capital School Fund of said county (therein more particularly described and set forth), the following described real estate, to-wit:

The south half of lot one of the southwest quarter of section six, in township thirty-three, north, of range four east; the east half of lots one and two of the northwest quarter of section seven, township thirty-three, north, range four east; the north half of the northwest quarter of section sixteen, in township thirty-three, north, range three east;

Which conveyance was made to secure the payment of five hundred dollars belonging to the Capital School Fund of said county, as follows, to-wit: 100 per centum from date, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1875, and payable on the 10th day of April, 1876—which said bond has become due and remains unpaid;

And whereas, among other things, it is provided in said mortgage deed, that if default should be made in the payment of the principal or interest, or any part thereof, at the time when the same should severally become due and payable, according to the tenor and effect of said bond, that the then acting sheriff of Iron county, Missouri, should have power, without suit or award of mortgage, to proceed and sell said property conveyed and mortgaged in said deed;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said bond in said deed of mortgage described, by both principal and sureties;

Now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of mortgage, and in obedience to an order of the Honorable County Court of Iron county, Missouri, made at its June term, 1880, I, James Buford, sheriff of said county of Iron, State of Missouri, will, on

Saturday, August 14th, 1880, at the east front door of the courthouse in the city of Ironton, and county aforesaid, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the above described real estate, to satisfy said bond and mortgage and the cost hereon.

JAMES BUFORD, Sheriff
of Iron county, Mo.

STRAY NOTICE.

Taken up by S. G. Shuler and posted before the Board of Justice of the Peace in and for Liberty Township, Iron county, Missouri, on the 19th day of June, 1880, the following described property, to-wit: Bright Sorrel Mare; eight years old; 5 feet and 5 1/2 inches high; bay and white hind feet; white mane and legs; and rumped behind; white stripe on the nose; a splendid traveller—walking and pacing; with heavy mane and tail. No other brands or marks. For terms and full description apply to James F. Chandon and Wm. Boswell. A true copy from my stray book.

JOHN R. BOSWELL, Justice of the Peace
for Liberty Township.

Notice to School-Teachers!

I will meet those who wish to be examined for certificates, to teach in the Public Schools of Iron county.

ON FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1880, at the Public School-House, in Ironton, at 8 o'clock.

Applicants will furnish themselves with writing materials.

N. C. GRIFFITH, Co. Com.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court of Iron county, Missouri, in vacation—June 21st, 1880:

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of James Buford, collector of the revenue of Iron county, Missouri,

Edward Woodson, John McCann, and all unknown interested parties.

[Action to Enforce Payment of Taxes.]
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, James Buford, collector of the revenue of Iron county, Missouri, and files his petition and affidavit, setting forth, among other things, that the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and cannot be summoned in this action by the ordinary process of law; it is, therefore, ordered by the clerk of the circuit court of Iron county, Mo., in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendants aforesaid, that an action has been commenced against them in the circuit court of said county, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the State of Missouri for back taxes for the years 1874 to 1878, inclusive, on the following real estate, situated in Iron county, Mo., belonging to said defendants, to-wit:

The west half of lot 1 of the northeast quarter; northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, lot 1 of the northwest quarter of section 4, in township 30, range 4 east;

(An itemized statement in the nature of a tax bill, showing the amount of taxes now due on said real estate, for the years aforesaid, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$11.14, is filed with said petition, as provided by law.)

And unless they be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held for the county of Iron, and State of Missouri, at the courthouse in said county, on the fourth Monday in October next, 1880, and on or before the sixth day thereof, (if the term shall so long continue; and, if not, then before the end of the term), and plead, answer or demur to said plaintiff's petition, and said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs, be sold under a special fieri facias to be issued thereon.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Iron, and State of Missouri.

A true copy:
Attest, with seal, this 21st day of June, 1880.
[SEAL.] JOS. HUFF, Clerk
Iron county circuit court.

July 22-1

BRUNE & TRAVERNIGHT, Merchant Tailors

Ready-Made clothing, Hats, Caps, Furnishing Goods, ETC., ETC.

Near the Depot, MIDDLEBROOK, MISSOURI.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court of Iron county, Missouri, in vacation—June 21st, 1880:

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of James Buford, collector of the revenue of Iron county, Missouri,

Albert Stubbs, Norman A. Williams, Ed. A. Norman, R. L. Lindsay, and all unknown interested parties.

[Action to Enforce Payment of Taxes.]
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, James Buford, collector of the revenue of Iron county, Missouri, and files his petition and affidavit, setting forth, among other things, that the defendants (except R. L. Lindsay) are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and cannot be summoned in this action by the ordinary process of law; it is, therefore, ordered by the clerk of the circuit court of Iron county, Missouri, in vacation, that publication be made, notifying said defendants, Albert Stubbs, Norman A. Williams and Ed. A. Norman, and all unknown interested parties, that an action has been commenced against them in the circuit court of said county, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the State of Missouri for back taxes for the years 1868 to 1878, inclusive, on the following real estate, situated in Iron county, Missouri, belonging to said defendants, to-wit:

The south half of the southeast quarter; the south half of the northeast quarter; the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter; the south half of the southwest quarter, of section 20, in township 31, range 4 east;

(An itemized statement in the nature of a tax bill, showing the amounts of taxes, interest and costs now due on said real estate, for the years aforesaid, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$108.47, is filed with said petition, as provided by law.)

And unless they be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held for the county of Iron, and State of Missouri, at the courthouse in said county, on the fourth Monday in October next, 1880, and on or before the sixth day thereof, (if the term shall so long continue; and, if not, then before the end of the term), and plead, answer or demur to said plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken as confessed. Judgment rendered in accordance with the prayer of said petition, and said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, interest and cost, be sold under a special fieri facias to be issued thereon.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Iron, and State of Missouri.

A true copy:
Attest, with seal, this 21st day of June, 1880.
[SEAL.] JOS. HUFF, Clerk
Iron county circuit court.

July 15-50

Restaurant and Confectionery.

F. OESTERLE,
NORTH MAIN STREET, IRONTON,
DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS, OYSTERS, SARDINES, ETC.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS!

ICE-CREAM
SERVED ON THURSDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

ALSO,
MANUFACTURER OF CIGARS

AND DEALER IN
TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.

Cigars Sold by Wholesale and Retail.